

الجمعورية الجزائرية الحيمقراطية الشعبية People's Democratic Republic of Algeria وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research

بامعة محمد خيضر

ب^{سکرة} Mohamed Khider University of Biskra



TRAINING OFFER MASTERPROFESSIONALIZER

2022 - 2023

Establishment	Faculty / Institute	Department
Mohamed Khider	Faculty of Science and	Civil and Hydraulic
University of Biskra	Technology	Engineering

Domain	Sector	Speciality
Science And Technologies	Hydraulic	Management and Engineering of Water and Sanitation Services

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اللجنة البيداغوجية الوطنية لميدان العلوم و التكنولوجيا

National Educational Committee for the Field

of Science and

Technology

الجمهورية الجزائرية الديمقر اطية الشعبية People's Democratic Republic of Algeria وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research



عرض تکوین ماستر مهنی

2023-2022

القسم	الكلية/ المعهد	المؤسسية
الهندسة المدنية والري	كلية العلوم والتكنولوجيا	جامعة محمد خيضر بسكرة

التخصص	الفرع	الميدان
تسيير وهندسة خدمات المياه والتطهير	الري	علوم وتكنولوجيا

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(CPND)

I-Master's identity sheet

1 - Location of the training

Department: Civil and hydraulic engineering Faculty (or Institute): Faculty of Science and Technology Mohammed Khider University of Biskra

2-External partners

Businesses and other socio-economic partners:

- Algerian Waters (ADE) Biskra Unit;
- National Sanitation Office (ONA) Biskra Unit;
- Directorate of Wilaya Water Resources (DRE)from Biskra;
- Biskra Environment Directorate.
- The National Agency for Dams and Transfers ANBT

3- Context and objectives of the training

A- Access conditions

The access conditions for this professional Master's training are defined as follows:

Category 1:Admission to the first semester of the Master course (MP1)

 On file for candidates holding a Bachelor's degree in: urban hydraulics, water resources management, Hydraulics or an equivalent diploma.

Category 2:Admission to the first semester of the Master course (MP2) Are authorized to submit application files:

 Engineers from the old (classical) system in: hydraulics, urban hydraulics or holders of a recognized equivalent diploma.

The selection of candidates will be made by an admission jury within the limits of available places, this jury – composed of teachers of the Hydraulics sector of the Department of Civil Engineering and Hydraulics – will be responsible for setting for each accepted student , the subjects and modules validated according to its course and its preliminary results and will define its path to the professional Master in the specialty concerned, possibly including additional pre-required subjects. In all cases, validation of previous training is subject to the approval of the training team.

B – Training objectives

In order to respond, with the greatest efficiency, to the requirements of socio-economic partners, the university is a melting pot of knowledge capable of ensuring mastery of a growing technology and caring about the country's place in the world. new local and global science and technology map.

The opening of Professional Master in "Management and engineering of AEP and Sanitation services" aims to train high-level specialists in the field of urban hydraulics, on behalf of the private and public sector. Therefore, this training aims to equip applicants with:

- Theoretical and practical knowledge, sufficient and adequate to better ensure their successful integration into professions in the field of design and diagnosis of AEP and Sanitation systems;
- An integrated vision of modeling and leak detection techniques and technologies;
- A good command of metrology and therefore the operation of urban water systems;
- A good command of project and business management as well as business creation working in the water resources sector.

C – Profiles and targeted skills

The program is characterized by an effective presence of the essential subjects for theoretical and practical training and allows the acquisition of the fundamental scientific bases necessary for adequate specialization. The targeted skills:

- Human-social: listening and communication, spirit of initiative;
- Techniques: mastery of editorial techniques (response to calls for tender, study report, articles), mastery of field and laboratory operations (design and implementation), mastery of data analysis tools (databases, geographic information system, modeling, statistical analyses, etc.);
- Legal: mastery of the regulatory framework
- The department aims to train executives who master the problems:
- Design of urban water networks;
- Diagnosis and modeling of AEP and Sanitation systems;

D - National employability potential

The strong economic growth and activity in the water sectors (domestic, agricultural and industrial) leads us to expect an increase in hiring in these sectors and consequently job opportunities for students of this professional Master's degree.

This training project meets the needs of the job market in the field of protection and management of water resources, water quality, production and distribution of drinking water, collection, treatment and fate of wastewater.

Master's degree students (Management and Engineering of Water and Sanitation Services) will be able to apply to the organizations responsible for the management of urban water networks (ADE & ONA), design offices, wilayat hydraulic directorates (DHW), watershed agencies (ABH), companies hydraulic works and finally the works control bodies (CTH & CTC).

The professional master (Management and Engineering of Water and Sanitation Services) prepares the following professions:

- 1. Water and environment project manager in industrial groups
- 2. Water and environment project manager in local authorities
- 3. Director / head of water service
- 4. Director of a design office or a branch of design offices specializing in water and liquid waste management
- 5. Senior executive operating sanitation networks and/or wastewater treatment plants.
- 6. Water analysis laboratory manager.

- 7. Responsible for water quality management services in communities or public or private companies, or water management organizations (ANRH, ABH, ONA, ADE, SEAL, SEACO, etc.)
- 8. Creation of micro-enterprises.

E – Gateway to other specialties:

The vertical gateway from the academic degree (Hydraulics) to the master's degree (Management and Engineering of Water and Sanitation Services) will be open to students. The selection of students will be made based on file review by the training team concerned.

F – Performance indicators expected from the training:

The teaching offered as part of the Master's degree is organized over a period of four semesters. THEThe fourth semester is reserved for the completion of the end-of-study dissertation.(Project Graduation).

Student evaluation is based on a continuous evaluation system (Individual and collective work)followed by an exam and a make-up exam for students who have not completed 30 credits for each semester.

The specialty brings together a coherent choice of teaching units (EU) which makes it possible to give the diploma a specific authorized designation. This course allows students to build a mosaic of training in urban hydraulics and the development of AEP and sanitation systems.

- Diploma acquired after four semesters of study after the license;
- Three semesters of applied sciences in hydraulics (AEP, sanitation and water treatment);
- After acquiring scientific assets, the student prepares a written dissertation which he defends before a jury towards the end of June.

Defense:

Finally, the final dissertation will be defended before a jury with a view to obtaining the professional Master's degree. **Management and Engineering of Water and Sanitation Services**»

Language :

The language of training is French.

<u>4 – Human resources available:</u>

A - Supervision capacity (expressed in number of students that can be supported):

Number of students:30

B - Internal teaching team mobilized for the specialty: (To be completed and endorsed by the faculty or institute)

<u>C - External teaching team mobilized for the specialty:</u>(To be completed and endorsed by the faculty or institute)

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D - Overall summary of human resources mobilized for the master's specialty:

Grade	Internal Workforce	External Workforce	Total
Teachers	07	01	08
Lecturers (A)	08	01	09
Lecturers (B)			
Assistant Master (A)	04		04
Assistant Master (B)			
Other (*)		01	01
Total	19	03	22

(*) Technical and support staff

5 - Material resources specific to the specialty

A- Educational Laboratories and Equipment:

Sheet of existing educational equipment for the practical work of the planned training (1 sheet per laboratory)

Laboratory title: Hydraulics Student capacity: 30

No.	Equipment title	Number	Comments
01	Fundamental Hydrology Study System	01	
	(Armfield)		
02	Hydraulic pump	01	
03	KDG 2000 flow meter	01	
04	Weather station	01	
05	Compact 0.5-50m/s anemometer	01	
06	Compact 0-360° wind sensor	01	
07	Hygrothermometer RH 0-100%.T-20°/-80°	01	
08	Rain gauge	01	
09	Central acquisition	01	
10	256 KB memory card	01	
11	Reading device	01	
12	Acclomate Battery	01	
13	Accumulator	01	
14	Laminar flow tank (Armfield)	01	
15	Combi 2 curvimeter	05	
16	Turbidimeter 2100P (HACH)	01	
17	Programmable sampler	01	
18	Dryfit accumulator	01	
19	Battery charger	01	
20	Syscal Junior 400 V resistivometer	01	
21	Battery charger	01	
22	PC transfer cable and software	01	
23	Software key	01	
24	Measuring cable 2x0.5 LICY gray	01	
25	Electric pliers	02	

26	Polarizing microscope	01	
27	Polarizing microscope	01	
28	Stereo binocular magnifier	01	
29	Case for water analysis	01	
30	Conductivity tester	01	
31	Succhi disc	01	
32	Solar calculator	01	

Laboratory title: Topography Student capacity: 30

No.	Equipment title	Number	Comments
01	NI40 comparator level	01	
02	NI40 comparator level	01	
03	NI40 comparator level	01	
04	Aluminum tripod	01	
05	Aluminum tripod	01	
06	Aluminum tripod	01	
07	ZEISS Eth50 Theodolite	01	
80	ZEISS Eth50 Theodolite	01	
09	ZEISS Eth50 Theodolite	01	
10	TOPCOM wooden tripod	01	
11	TOPCOM wooden tripod	01	
12	TOPCOM wooden tripod	01	
13	Telescopic aluminum sight, graduated in mm	01	
14	Telescopic aluminum sight, graduated in mm	01	
15	Telescopic aluminum sight, graduated in mm	05	
16	Battery charger for Eth50	01	
17	Battery charger for Eth50	01	
18	Battery charger for Eth50	01	
19	NIKON NE 20S electronic theodolite	01	
20	Laser distance meter (disto-basic)	01	
21	Viewfinder for basic distortion	01	
22	GLSP1 reflector cane	01	
23	1m extension for GLS11 cane	01	
24	GSR2 double counter plug	01	
25	GLS11 reflector	02	
26	Brown light	01	
27	NICD Battery Charger	01	
28	NEDO invar sight, 5mm, 3m	01	
29	NEDO invar sight, 5mm, 3m	01	
30	NEDO invar sight, 5mm, 3m	01	
31	Optical square, double prism	10	
32	Base, 3kg toad	03	
33	1m interlocking milestone	10	
34	Milestone tripod	10	
	atory title: Topography laboratory and works nt capacity: 30	hop	

No.	Equipment title	Number	Comments
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01	Topographic devices Theodolites levels Stereoscope 	30	
02	WORKSHOP FOR MODELS AND MODELS	01	

Laboratory title: Water quality and treatment laboratory Student capacity: 30

Ν	Equipment title	Number	Comments
0.	0		
01	Oven	03	
02	Portable turbidimeter	-	
03	Centrifuge	01	
04	Spectrophotometer (325-1000 nm)	01	
05	Two-stage diaphragm pump	02	
06	Rotational viscometer	03	
07	Micro dosing pump (Q3 – 120 ml/min)	02	
08	Mixer for four cylinders (1000 ML)	01	
09	Standard depth sampler (02 I)	02	
10	12 Station Autosampler (1.8L)	01	
11	Automatic sampler with 24 Stations (01 I)	01	
12	Corrosion tester with Amp/Volt	01	
13	Water demineralizer with cartridge	02	
14	Complete oxidation block (DCO) with tube support	01	
15	pH meter 96-A/SET-1	04	
16	pH meter OP-211/1	02	
17	pH meter 3010 (JENWAY)	05	
18	portable pH meter	01	
19	LF 90 conductivity meter (trunk)	02	
20	Conductivity meter LF 96 A/SET-1 (trunk)	01	
21	Conductivity meter LF 521	01	
22	Conductivity meter type OK-104 (trunk)	02	
23	Oximeter/OXI 96-B/SET (trunk)	02	
24	Oximeter/OXI 92 (trunk)	02	
25	Circulation thermostat 750 Watts	02	
26	Apparatus for measuring light absorption in water	01	
	Rotary evaporator with bath heater 4.7 I		
27	Contact thermometer (0-250°)	03	
28	pyrex water distiller	03	
29	x,y,t recorder	03	
30	Oil pump	01	
31	Lux meter	02	
32	OP 109 type ionometer	01	
33	Ionometer/pH – Rissell model RL 200	01	
34	Combined oximeter and pH	01	
35	Magnetic stirrers	01	
36	Automatic burette	02	
37	pocket pH meter	01	
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38	Bain Marie	01	
39	Drying lamp	30	
40	Digestion ramp for nitrogen determination (06 vials)	01	
41	Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer + printer	01	
42	Hotplate	01	
43	Hot air blower	01	
44	Vibrating stirrer	02	
45	Flow meter study system	01	
46	Laboratory timer	01	
47	Crucible tongs	30	
48	Beaker Tongs	01	
49	Stopwatch	02	
50	Flocculator Jar test at 06 Stations (Individual speed)	02	
51	Photometer in case	01	
52	UV/Visible Spectrophotometer	01	
53	WTW LF 315 conductivity meter	01	
54	Filtration ramp	01	
55	C100 multi-parameter photometer	01	
56	16 Station Mouth Tube COD Reactor	01	
57	P 800 pH meter in case	01	
58	Filtration unit	02	
59	Hydrometer	01	
60	Falling ball viscometer (set of 03 cylinders)	03	
61	Hydraulic benches	04	
62	Parshall Canal	01	
63	Wave generator (10 m channel)	01	
64	Hot wire anemometer study bench	01	
65	Calibration wind tunnel	01	
66	Study bench with Lazer-Dopler function	01	
67	Apparatus for studying free and forced vortices	01	
68	Medium corrosion pumps	04	
69	Fully equipped pump and pumping station + Flowmeter	01	
	test bench		
70	Hydrology study bench	01	
71	Rain simulator	01	
72	Lysimeter	02	
73	Infiltration and drainage study bench	01	
74	Depth moisture meter with neutron probe	01	
75	Recorder	02	
76	Blood pressure monitor	17	
77	Rheological apparatus	01	
78	Rectangular channel of 10 and 12 m length	02	
79	"U" shaped channel 07 m long	01	
80	Triangular channel 03 m long	01	
81	Trapezoidal channel 06 m long	01	
82	Reels and micro reel	05	
83	Meteorological station (shelter, rain gauge, Colorado	01	
	tank, pluviograph, etc.)		
84	Various topographic devices		
85	Support workshop for making models and channels	02	

(circular saw, band saw, lathes, milling machine, sheet	
metal cutting, etc.)	

Laboratory title: Hydrology Laboratory Student capacity: 30

No.	Equipment title	Number	observations
01	Hydrology study bench	01	
02	Rain simulator	01	
03	Lysimeter	02	
04	Infiltration and drainage study bench	01	
05	Depth moisture meter with neutron probe	01	
06	Recorder	02	
07	Blood pressure monitor	17	
08	Rheological apparatus	01	
14	Reels and micro reel	05	
15	Meteorological station (shelter, rain gauge, Colorado tank, pluviograph, etc.)	01	

Laboratory title: Surface Hydraulics Laboratory Student capacity: 30

No.	Equipment title	Number	observations		
01	RECTANGULAR CHANNEL OF 10 AND 12 M LENGTH	01			
02	"U" SHAPED CHANNEL 07 M LONG	01			
03	TRIANGULAR CHANNEL 03 M LONG	01			
04	TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL 06 M LONG	M LONG 01			
05	Numerical simulation of a viscoplastic flow	01			
06	High resolution acoustic Doppler profiler	01			
07	Plane-plane rheometry for rheological characterization.	01			
08	Flow measurement test bench (Different types of flow meter)	01			

Laboratory title: Pumps and pumping stations laboratory Student capacity: 30

No.	Equipment title	Number	Comments
01	AUTOMATED CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS STUDY BENCH WITH FLOW REGULATION	01	
02	CENTRIFUGAL PUMP TEST BENCH	01	
03	CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS TEST BENCH, SERIES AND PARALLEL MOUNTINGS	01	
04	PELTON TURBINE TEST BENCH	01	
05	PUMP DEMONSTRATION MODEL IN SECTION	08	
06	Various pump test bench	01	
07	Axial pump experiment module	01	
08	PUMP CONTROL AND AUTOMATION BENCH	01	
09	PUMP CONTROL EQUIPMENT	01	

Laboratory title: Fluid Mechanics Laboratory

Student capacity: 30

No.	Equipment title	Number	Comments
01	Fluid hydrodynamic test bench	02	
02	Experiment module for piping networks	02	
03	Hydrostatic test bench	04	
04	Determination of vertical descent speed	02	
05	Basic Fluid Dynamics Module	02	
06	Apparatus for studying hydrostatic pressure	03	
07	Bernoulli's law demonstration apparatus	02	
08	Device for analyzing flow through an orifice	03	
09	Ap.demonstration of losses in fittings and pipes	02	
10	Osborne Reynolds demonstration apparatus	02	
11	Automatic sampler with 24 Stations (01 I)	01	
12	Corrosion tester with Amp/Volt	01	
13	Water hammer demonstration device in pipes	01	
14	Pipe loss demonstration panel	01	
15	Sectional model of special parts	06	

Laboratory title: Soil Mechanics Laboratory Student capacity: 30

No.	Equipment title	Number	Comments
01	Equipment for specific weight tests	05	
02	Atterberg limits	02	
03	Particle size and sedimentometry test bench	04	
04	Permeability determination bench	04	
05	Edometra	02	
06	Strain Gauge Accessories	03	
07	Materials for physical characteristics and arrangement of particles	01	
08	Study bench for the hydraulic properties of soils (soil recognition and geotechnical applications)	01	
09	Microscopes	04	
10	Vertical stand for mechanics demonstration	01	

Laboratory title: Energy Conversion and Turbo Machine Laboratory Student capacity: 30

	Pelton turbine demonstration model
01	Note: requires the H1D bench for operation
	Pump/PC demonstration model including:
	Modular bench for pumps
	Universal dynamometer with torque and speed sensors
	Data acquisition system
00	Gear pump
02	Piston pump
02	Pump performance bench
03	(Microcomputer assisted)

Computer room

- Student capacity: 15
- An internet room: 30 stations

B- Internship sites and in-company training:

Training place	Number of students	Training period
Directorate of water resources of the wilaya (DRH) / Hydraulic subdivisions	05	15 days
ADE Biskra	05	15 days
NATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC BASINS AGENCY	05	15 days
Algerian Waters (ADE)	05	15 days
URBA design office (formerly CADAT)	05	15 days
National Sanitation Office (ONA)	05	15 days

C- Master's support research laboratory(ies):

Head of the laboratory: GUERGAZI SAADIA Laboratory approval number: 185 of 04/18/2001

Date :

Opinion of the Laboratory Head: Research in surface and underground hydraulics LARHYSS



Head of the laboratory: MASMOUDI RACHID No. Laboratory approval: no. 42, 05/02/2001

Date : Opinion of the Laboratory Head: Hydraulic arrangements and environment LAHE



D- Master's support research project(s):

Title of the project research	Project code	Start date of the project	End date of Project

E- Personal work spaces and ICT available at department level:

The department provides the following spaces for this training:

- 1. 13 study rooms (20 places each),
- 2. 04 spaces in research laboratories intended for graduate students,
- 3. 02 computing and programming centers,
- 4. 02 Internet room,
- 5. 04 large rooms (50 seats each).

II - Half-yearly organization sheets for specialty teaching

Semester 1:

Teaching unit	Materials		cient	Weekly	hourly \	/olume	Half-yearly Hourly	Additional Work	Evaluation mode	
	Titled	Credits	Coefficient	Course	T.D.	ТР	Volume (15 weeks)	in Consultation (15 weeks)	Continuous monitoring	Exam
Fundamental EU	Applied hydraulics	6	3	3:00 a.m.	1h30		67h30	55:00	40%	60%
Code: UEF 1.1 Credits: 18	Urban hydrology	6	3	3:00 a.m.	1h30		67h30	55:00	40%	60%
Coefficients: 9	Pump and pumping station	6	3	3h30	1h30		67h30	82h30	40%	60%
Methodological EU Code: UEM 1.1 Credits: 9 Coefficients: 6	Geographic Information Systems (GIS)	3	2	1h30		1h30	45:00	55:00	40%	60%
	Computer-aided drawing (CAD)	3	2			2h30	37:30	27:30	100%	
Coencients. o	Mini tutored project / Internship	3	2			3:00 a.m.	45:00	37:30		100%
EU Discovery Code: UED 1.1	Entrepreneurship and management companies	1	1	1h30			10:30 p.m.	02:30		100%
Code: OED 1.1 Credits: 2 Coefficients: 2	Management of hydraulic projects (technical and administrative)	1	1	1h30			10:30 p.m.	02:30		100%
Transversal EU Code: UET 1.1 Credits: 1 Coefficients: 1	English applied to hydraulics	1	1	1h30			10:30 p.m.	02:30		100%
Total semester 1		30	18	3:00	04:30	07:00	397h30	320h00		

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			p.m.		-				
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Semester2:

	Materials	Credits	Coefficien t	Weekly hourly volume		Half-yearly	Additional Work	Evaluation mode		
Teaching unit	Titled			Course	T.D.	ТР	Hourly Volume (15 weeks)	in Consultation (15 weeks)	Continuous monitoring	Exam
Fundamental EU Code: UEF 1.2 Credits: 18 Coefficients: 9	Water treatment (processes and calculation)	6	3	3:00 a.m.	1h30		67h30	82h30	40%	60%
	Hydraulic drilling	6	3	3:00 a.m.	1h30		67h30	55:00	40%	60%
	Water catchment works (design)	6	3	3:00 a.m.	1h30		45:00	55:00	40%	60%
Methodological EU Code: UEM 1.2 Credits: 6 Coefficients: 6	Modeling of AEP systems	2	2	1h30	-	1h30	45:00	27:30	40%	60%
	Diagnosis and rehabilitation of AEP systems	2	2	1h30	1h30		45:00	27:30	40%	60%
	Mini tutored project / Internship	2	2			3:00 a.m.	45:00	37:30		100%
EU Discovery Code: UED 1.2 Credits: 2 Coefficients: 2	Metrology and diagnostic means in AEP	2	2	1h30	1h30		45:00	02:30	40%	60%
Transversal EU Code: UET 1.2 Credits: 1 Coefficients: 1	Respect forstandards and rules of ethics and integrity.	1	1	1h30			10:30 p.m.	02:30		100%
Total semester 2		30	18	3:00	07:30	04:30	405h00	317h30		

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Semester 3:

	Materials		nt	Weekly hourly volume		Half-yearly		Evaluation mode		
Unit teaching	Titled	Credits	Coefficient	Course	T.D.	ТР	Hourly Volume (15 weeks)	Additional Work in Consultation (15 weeks)	Continuo us monitorin g	Exam
Fundamental EU Code: UEF 1.3 Credits: 17 Coefficients: 9	Design and calculation of water collection systems	6	3	3:00 a.m.	1h30		67h30	82h30	40%	60%
	Purification and reuse of waste water	6	3	3:00 a.m.	1h30		67h30	55:00	40%	60%
	Site organization and mechanization of work	5	3	1h30	1h30		45:00	55:00	40%	60%
Methodological EU Code: UEM 1.3 Credits: 9 Coefficients: 6	Modeling of sanitation systems	3	2	1h30		1h30	45:00	27:30	40%	60%
	Diagnosis and rehabilitation of collection systems	3	2	1h30	1h30		45:00	27:30	40%	60%
	Mini tutored project / Internship	3	2			3:00 a.m.	45:00	37:30		100%
EU Discovery Code: UED 1.3 Credits: 2 Coefficients: 2	Metrology and diagnostic means in sanitation	2	2	1h30	1h30		45:00	02:30	40%	60%
Transversal EU Code: UET 1.3 Credits: 1 Coefficients: 1	Documentary research and dissertation design	2	1	1h30			10:30 p.m.	02:30		100%
Total semester 3		30	18	1:30 p.m.	07:30	04:30	382h30	317h30		

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Semester4

	VHS	coefficient	Credits
Personal work	150.0	09	18
Internship in company	150.0	06	09
Seminars	15.0	02	03
Other (Framing)			
Total Semester 4	315.0	17	30

Internship in a company culminating in a dissertation and a defense.

This table is given for information purposes only.

Evaluation of the End of Master Cycle Project

- Scientific value (jury assessment) /6 Writing of the dissertation (jury assessment) /4 Presentation and response to questions (Jury assessment) /4 Appreciation of the supervisor /3 _ /3
 - Presentation of the internship report (Jury assessment)

Overall summary of the training: indicate the separate global VH in progress, TD, for the 04 semesters of teaching, for the different types of EU.

EU V.H.	UEF	EMU	UED	UET	TOTAL
Course :	405	112.5	82.5	67.5	667.5
TD:	202.5	45	45	0	292.5
TP:	0	240	0	0	240
Personal work	742.5	350	15	7.5	1115
Total	1350	747.5	142.5	75	2315
Credits	54	27	6	03	120 (90+30 FROM S4)
% IN CREDITS FOR EACH	60%	30%	10%		100%

III-Detailed program by subject semesterS1

Semester:1 Teaching unit: UEF1.1 UEF 1.1.1 subject: Applied hydraulics VHS: 67h30 (Class: 3h00, tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 6 Coefficient: 3

Teaching objectives:

This subject aims to deepen the notions of drinking water supply and general hydraulics acquired in the bachelor's degree, and to help students understand hydraulic phenomena, the equations which govern them and their solutions. As well as the presentation of storage and distribution works and their dimensions.

Recommended prior knowledge

- Mathematics basics
- Knowledge of MDF and hydraulics
- Hydrology concepts

Content of the material:

Chapter 1: Source captures

- 1.1 General
- 1.2 Project study and preliminary work
- 1.3 Execution of works
- 1.4 Catchment of bottom water
- 1.5 Surface water capture

Chapter 2: Nature of pipes (Under pressure and gravity flow)

- 3.1. Cast iron pipes
- 3.2. Steel pipes
- 3.3. Concrete pipes
- 3.4. Plastic pipes
- 3.5. Commissioning
- 3.6. Identification, execution plans and signage

Chapter 3: Tanks

- 2.1 Advantages
- 2.2 Distribution of distribution flow rates
- 2.3 Consumption
- 2.4 Tank location
- 2.5 Tank capacity
- 2.6 Determination of shape and implementation
- 2.7. Construction principle
- 2.8. Water requirements for fire defense
- 2.9 Signaling and remote control installations (remote control)

Chapter 4: Water distribution networks

- 4.1. Types of networks
- 4.2. Conditions on speeds and pressures
- 4.3. Computing throughput

- 4.4. Calculation of branched networks
- 4.5. Calculation of mesh networks
- 4.6. Network returns
- 4.7. Leak detection

Chapter 5: Accessory organs-faucets

- 5.1. Gate valves
- 5.2. Strainers
- 5.3. Traps suction cups
- 5.4. Pressure and flow reducers
- 5.5. Flow pressure stabilizers
- 5.6 Control valves
- 5.7 Security bodies

Chapter 6: Pipe protection

Observation :

The tutorial sessions will be carried out in the form of a mini-project that the teacher proposes according to the content of the subject.

Evaluation method:

Continuous monitoring: 40%; exam: 60%.

Bibliographic references:

1. **BRIERE FG**. Water distribution and collection. Editions de l'Ecole Polytechnique de Montréal, 1994, 365 p.

2. **VALIRON**., Lyonnaise des Eaux. Handbook for the Water Supply and Sanitation Manager. Volume I Water in the city Water supply. Paris, Technique etdocumentation Lavoisier, 1994. 435 p.

3. **DUPONT**. Urban hydraulics, Volume 2: Transport structures Elevation and distribution of water. Paris, Eyrolles, 1979, 484 p. 4th ed.

4. **BONNIN J.** Urban hydraulics applied to small and medium-sized towns. Paris, Eyrolles, 1986, 228 p.

Coefficient: 3

Teaching objectives:

This subject allows, essentially, to acquire fundamental notions relating to hydrological data and thus to approach the calculation of the rainfall contributions of urbanized watersheds and also to learn about the dimensioning of retention basins.

Recommended prior knowledge

Concepts of hydrology, topography and statistics.

Content of the material:

Chapter 1: General information on urban hydrology and sanitation

- 1. Urban hydrology
- 1.1. Definition
- 1.2. Effect of urbanization on the water cycle
- 2. Sanitation (technical aspect of urban hydrology)
- 2.1. Definition and objectives
- 2.2. Summary of the design of a sanitation network

Chapter 2: Hydrological data

- 1. Measurement of precipitation
- 2. Use of rainfall data
- 3. Concept of intensity
- 4. Cumulative rainfall curve ethyetogram (Application: Characteristics of rain events)
- 5. Concentration time tc
- 6. Runoff coefficient
- 7. Frequency, Return Period
- 8. Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves (Application: Modeling IDF curves)

Chapter 3: Methods for assessing storm flows

- 1. Definition and concepts
- 2. Rational method
- 2.1. Assumptions of the rational method
- 2.2. Applications
- 3. Superficial methods
- 3.1. Calculation principles
- 3.2. Applications
- 3.3. Hybrid method
- 3.4. So-called transfer methods

3.5. HORTON method 3.6. Global methods 3.7. Comparative test between calculation methods 3.8. Computerized models for simulating water runoff in urban areas SWMM family models HEC family models Reduction of runoff flows in urban areas

Chapter 4: Runoff Retention

- 1. Definition
- 2. calculation principles
- 3. Application: Rain method

Chapter 5: Assessment of polluting flows

- 1. Typology of releases
- 2. Pollutant loads
- 3. Estimation of hydraulic and polluting loads

Evaluation method:

Continuous monitoring 40%; Exam: 60%

Bibliographic references:

Bennis S. (2009). Hydrology and hydraulics. 2nd Edition, Press of the University of Quebec.

Bertrand-Krajewski J.-L. (2007). Urban Hydrology Course. Part 2: The Rain. INSA Lyon.

Bertrand-Krajewski J.-L. (2006). Urban Hydrology Course. Part 4: Runoff. INSA Lyon.

Bourrier R. (1997).Sanitation networks. Calculations-Applications-Perspectives. 4th Edition, Tec & Doc.

Brière FG (1997). Water distribution and collection. Ed. of the Ecole Polytechnique de Montréal. Canada.

Guerrée H. and Gomella C. (1978). Wastewater in urban or rural areas. Ed. Eyrolles.

Kerloc'h B. Maelstaf D. The sizing of urban sanitation networks <u>https://www.fichier-pdf.fr/2017/01/05/le-dim-des-reseaux-d-sanitation/</u>.

Laborde JP (2000). Elements of surface hydrology. http://cours.st.free.fr/semestre%207/M1%20cours/hydro/cours/Cours%2520HydrologieJPL .pdf. Semester:1 Teaching unit: UEF 1.1 Subject UEF 1.1.3: Pumps and pumping stations VHS: 67h30 (Class: 3h00, tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 6 Coefficient: 3

Teaching objectives:

Acquire knowledge of the equipment upstream and downstream of a pumping station Know the different types of pumping stations Choose the type of pumping station Know how to solve the cavitation problem that affects pumps Control of the location of pumps in non-cavitation zones Type of pumping stations Learn to plan pumping stations Learn to operate the hydro-energy and hydraulic structures and equipment of the pumping station Acquire theoretical and practical knowledge on the construction and operating principle of Pelton, Francis and Kaplan turbines.

Recommended prior knowledge:

Basics of hydrology and climatology Applied statistics The use of computer tools.

Content of the material:

Chapter I: Pump reminders

Chapter II: Coupling of pumps in series and parallel

Identical and non-identical pumps in series Identical and non-identical pumps in parallel Working point Setting the operating point Study of the different variants of the operating point

Chapter III: Classification and maintenance of pumping stations

Introduction Sizing of pumping stations Possible incidents Different ways to troubleshoot

Chapter IV: Laws of similarities in incompressible fluid pumps

Introduction Reminder of similarity Theoretical study of similarity Determination of specific speed Influence of rotation speed on pump characteristics Influence of impeller diameter on pump characteristics Classification of vane pumps according to their specific speed

Chapter V: Study of cavitation in pumps

Cavitation phenomenon Causes and consequences of cavitation Theoretical study of cavitation Permissible suction height NPSH for installation under load and under pressure

Chapter VI: Hydraulic turbines

Introduction Role of turbines in hydraulics Classification of turbines Pelton turbine Francis turbine Kaplan turbine Hydroelectric station

Evaluation method:

Continuous monitoring: 40%; exam: 60%.

Bibliographic references:

SAVATIER – Paperback: Pumps and pumping stations. 1994

VIOLLET Pierre-Louis: History of hydraulic energy: Mills, pumps, wheels and turbines from Antiquity to the 20th century.

PERNÈS Pierre, One-dimensional hydraulics Part 2: Water hammer and mass oscillation phenomenon. Centrifugal pumps.

Pin: (NF ISO 17559): hydraulic transmissions, electrically controlled hydraulic pumps .06-2004 - 28p.

Pin, The pumps. Manual selection, application to variable speed. (Technical Coll., ref. MD1 POMPS). Author(s)MANON Jean- 01-2002 - 260p. 21x29.6

Related NF(EN 23661): end suction centrifugal pumps, dimensions relating to bases and installation.

Hardcover(NF EN ISO 5198): centrifugal, elico-centrifugal and propeller pumps. Precision class hydraulic operating test code. Author(s)NF ISO 5198- 12-1987 –

Semester: 1 Teaching unit: UEM 1.1 UEM 1.1.1 material:GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM VHS: 45h00 (Class: 1h30, TP: 1h30) Credits: 3 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

The course will aim to show master's students the use of new geographic positioning tools and the possibilities of crossing by layer of information.

Recommended prior knowledge

Topography, Maths, Physics. Using the ingormatic tool

Content of the material:

Chapter 1- Basic Design of a GIS Chapter 2- Projection systems Chapter 3- Presentation of Mapinfo software. (Qgis or Arcgis) Chapter 4- Digitalization Chapter 5- Formatting Chapter 6- Thematic Mapping Chapter 7- Sectorization Chapter 8- Digital terrain model DEM Chapter 9- GIS application

Evaluation method:

Continuous monitoring: 40%; exam: 60%.

Bibliographic references:

AUPELF: Summary of Remote Sensing: Principles and methods F. Bonn and G. Rochon. Editions Presses de l'Université du Québec.

JP Cocquerez and S. Philipp: Image analysis: filtering and segmentation.. Edition Masson.

JA RICHARDS, X. JIA. Springer: Remote Sensing Digital Image Analysis.

MC Girard and CM Girard: Processing of remote sensing data Editions Dunod, Paris.

MC Girard and CM Girard from satellites to GIS. Edition Nathan ROBIN University.

Semester: 1 Teaching unit: UEM 1.1 UEM 1.1.2 material:Computer-aided drawing (CAD) VHS: 37h30 (TP: 2h30) Credits: 3 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

The course will aim to introducemaster's students in the use of AutoCAD software as a drawing tool and Covadis software as a tool for developing topographical plans and establishing longitudinal profiles.

Recommended prior knowledge

Basic notions of topography and computer science.

Content of the material:

Part 1: AutoCAD

- 1. Autocad Versions
- 2. Presentation of the Autocad window
- 3. The coordinate system
- 4. Snap to objects / polar mode
- 5. The most common objects:
- 6. The most common commands.
- 7. Layer management
- 8. Miscellaneous orders
- 9. Edit/create objects.
- 10.Handles/grips
- 11. Visualization (zoom, pan, scu, view)
- 12. Dressing: 1 hatching
- 13. Dressing: 2 the rating
- 14. Dressing: 3 the text
- 15. Dressing: 4 the tables
- 16. Blocks
- 17. Attributes in blocks
- 18. External references: xrefs, dwf, images
- 19. Layout: presentations-object/paper space
- 20. Layout trace configuration
- 21. Organization of the trace
- 22. Tracing

Part 2: Covadis

- 1. Generalities and principle of Covadis
- 2. Topography
- 3. Assisted drawing
- 4. Covadis 3D
- 5. Digital terrain models
- 6. Network design

Comment :

The course takes place essentially in the form of guided tutorials after a theoretical explanation of a notion or a particular problem in relation to activities in the field of urban hydraulics.

Evaluation method:

100% Continuous Control

Bibliographic references:

Jena-Pierre Gousset, Jean-Claude Capdebielle, René Pralat. The Survey, CAD-CAD with Autocad - Price study. Editions Eyrolles, 2011

<u>Olivier Hit Him, Jean-Yves Gouez</u>: AutoCAD 2022 - From fundamentals to detailed presentation around professional projects, Edition Eni, 2021

Manuals, tutorials, ... Web sites Semester: 1 Teaching unit: UEM 1.1 UEM 1.1.3 material:Mini tutored project VHS: 45h00 (TP: 3h00) Credits: 3 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

The mini-tutored project is used to best support the student. The virtues of tutoring are such that the student develops critical thinking and curiosity..

Recommended prior knowledge

Basic notions of hydraulics, topography, IT, applied hydraulics

Content of the material:

A mini project (two per semester) / Internship (15 days) will be chosen during each semester by the student.

The mini project will affect the following areas:

- AEP
- Sanitation
- Site organization
- GIS
- Sizing a wastewater treatment plant
- Environmental impact study
- Preparation of estimated, quantitative and estimated quotes
- Preparation of price schedules
- Development of hydraulic specifications
- A theme proposed by the teacher

The internship will be carried out at the level of establishments agreed with the university and will be sanctioned by a report noted and discussed with the tutor teacher

Evaluation method:

Review: 100%

Semester: 1 Teaching unit: UED 1.1 UED 1.1.1 subject:Entrepreneurship and business management VHS: 10:30 p.m. (class: 1h30) Credits: 1 Coefficient: 1

Teaching objectives:

The objectives of the course are as follows: Familiarize the student with entrepreneurship, Learn about project management for carrying out industrial projects Understand the different forms of intellectual property projects for the realization of industrial projects

Content of the material:

Chapter I: Introduction

Define projects Common characteristics "Management" and "management" of project The project and the operation Comparison of projects and operations

Chapter II: Project organization models

The entrepreneur model The standard model of the Project Management Institute (PMI) The sequential project management model The concurrent engineering (CI) model

Chapter III: Managing projects

Project management issues

Chapter IV: Project constraints

The temperature The budget

Chapter V: Project phasing

Upstream Freeze Realization Project phases Project management tools Project stakeholders Phases Characteristics Project management tools Project stakeholders

Evaluation method:

100% Review

Bibliographic references:

Asquin A., Garel G. and Picq T., 2007, "When the project mode creates suffering at work", Manage and Understand, no. 90, p. 43-54.

Boutinet J.-P., 1993, Anthropology of the project, Presses universitaire de France (Puf), coll. "Psychology today".

Clark KB and Wheelwright SC, 1992, "Organizing and leading heavyweight development teams", California Management Review, Spring, p. 9-28.

ClotY., 2010, Work at heart, La Découverte, coll. "Free notebooks".

Couillard J. and Navarre C., 1993, "What are the factors of project success? Do we need more organization? More tools? More communications? », Management 2000, vol. 9, no. 2, p. 167-190.

Declerck RP, Eymery P. and Crener MA, 1980, Strategic Project Management, ed. Men and techniques.

Ecosip (Economics of integrated production systems), Giard V. and Midler C. (dir.), 1993, Project management and companies; diversity and convergences, Paris, Economica.

Gareis R., 1989, "Management by projects, the management approach for the future", International Journal of Project Management, vol. 7, no. 4, p. 243-249.

Garel G., 2003, Project management, Paris, La Découverte, coll. " Landmarks ".

Midler C., 1996, "Managerial models and economic regulations of design"

Terssac G. and Friedberg E.(dir.), Cooperation and design, Toulouse, Octares, p. 63-85.

Navarre C., 1992, "From the battle to produce better to the battle to improve design", Management 2000, n° 6, p. 13-30

Semester: 1 Teaching unit: UED 1.1 UED 1.1.2 subject:Management of hydraulic projects (technical and administrative) VHS: 10:30 p.m. (class: 1h30) Credits: 1 Coefficient: 1

Teaching objectives:

The objective of this teaching unit is to provide the student in training with knowledge of the basic tools for the administrative and technical management of a hydraulic project.

Recommended prior knowledge

Basic notions of legislation and hydraulics

Content of the material:

Chapter 1: Hydraulics framework

Water sector stakeholders Administrative, technical and operational principles Reference texts Technical options and their application criteria Equipment operation and management

Chapter 2: Main stages of a hydraulic project

Project management of hydraulic projects Definition and responsibilities of project management Current forms of project management Project management delegation Role of the Water Resources Department in local project management **Project initiation** Development of a project sheet Research and mobilization of financing Development of a hydraulic project execution file Content of the hydraulic project execution file Detailed preliminary project file Tender file Drafting specifications and judging offers Drafting specifications Judging of offers Approach The technical note The technical skills and references of the design office The capabilities of the design office and its technicians The price of the service

Chapter 3: Launch of work

Validation of the order by the ordering party (ODS).

Administrative and technical preparation of the site (execution plan, construction schedule, etc.).

Implementation, site visit and site installation

Chapter 4: Work monitoring

Daily on-site checks by the works manager.

Daily communication with the project owner (progress, positive points, arrangements to be made, etc.).

Possible modifications following the solutions provided.

Quantitative measurement and estimate of the work carried out.

Proof test (Hydraulic Test of the installed network).

Chapter 5: Finalization

Closure of the project. Acceptance of the site by the project owner. Archiving the file. Updating of alignment plans on the GIS database.

Evaluation method:

Final exam: 100%.

Bibliographic references:

Afitep: Project management dictionary. AFNOR Edition, Paris, 2004.

André Claude: Financial management of construction sites. Edition Le Moniteur, Paris, 1996.

Francis Nicol: The work coordinator's schedule. Edition EYROLLES, Paris 1978.

Jacques Armand and Yves Rafestin: Manage your construction site. Edition Le Moniteur, Paris, 1999.

Jean le Bissonnais: Project Management from A to Z. Edition AFNOR, Paris, 2003

Semester: 1 Teaching unit: UET 1.1 UET 1.1.1 material:English applied to hydraulics 1 VHS: 10:30 p.m. (class: 1h30) Credits: 1 Coefficient: 1

Teaching objectives:

Introduce the student to original texts in English oriented towards the specialty. Strengthen their knowledge of the language. Help him understand and synthesize a technical document. Allow him to understand a conversation in English held in a scientific framework.

Recommended prior knowledge

Basic English vocabulary and grammar

Content of the material:

Written comprehension: Reading and analysis of texts relating to the specialty.
 Water resources for water supply
 Flow types
 Network water supply
 Urban hydrology
 Creation and management of hydraulic projects

Oral comprehension: From authentic popular science video documents, note taking, summary and presentation of the document.

Oral expression: Presentation of a scientific or technical subject, development and exchange of oral messages (ideas and data), Telephone communication, Gestural expression.

Written expression: Extraction of ideas from a scientific document, Writing a scientific message, Exchange of information in writing, writing of CVs, letters requesting internships or jobs.

Evaluation method:

Review: 100%.

Bibliographic references:

PT Danison, Practical guide to writing in English: uses and rules, practical advice, Editions d'Organization 2007

J. Comfort, S. Hick, and A. Savage, Basic Technical English, Oxford University Press, 1980

EH Glendinning and N. Glendinning, Oxford English for Electrical and Mechanical Engineering, Oxford University Press 1995

III-Detailed program by subject semesterS2

Semester: 2 Teaching unit: UEF 1.2 UEF subject 1.2.1: WATER TREATMENT VHS: 67h30 (class: 3h00, tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 6 Coefficient: 3

Teaching objectives:

In this subject the student will learn the different methods and stages of drinking water treatment. Mastered the treatment processes used in the water sector; desalination, reverse osmosis, electrodialysis, ion exchange.

Recommended prior knowledge:

Chemistry concepts

Content of the material:

Part 1: Water treatment

Chapter 1: Coagulation-Floculation Chapter 2: Rush Chapter 3: Decantation Chapter 4: Filtration Chapter 5: Disinfection Chapter 6: Adsorption Part 2: 7

Part 2: Treatment procedures

Chapter 1 :General Chapter 2 :Separation by Membranes Chapter 3:Reverse osmosis Chapter 4:Electrodialysis Chapter 5:Distillation Chapter 6:Ion exchange Chapter 7:Adsorption Chapter 8:Demineralization of fresh water Chapter 9:Desalination of seawater and brackish water

Observation :

In TD, the work will be small in the form of a mini-project which consists of sizing a drinking water treatment station

Evaluation method:

Continuous monitoring: 40%; exam: 60%.

Bibliographic references:

Raymond Des jardines: The Treatment of Potables, Edition Dynolds, Paris 1981. **Claude CARDOT:**Water treatment.

Bontoux J: Introduction to the study of fresh water: natural water, wastewater and drinking water

HENRI R: Theoretical foundations of chemical treatment

Mohand Saïd OUALI: bear of biological unit processes and water treatment

Semester: 2 Teaching unit: UEF 1.2. UEF 1.2.2 material:Hydraulic drilling VHS: 67h30 (class: 3h00, tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 6 Coefficient: 3

Teaching objectives:

Estimation of underground resources, Mastering the different stages of drilling, the tools necessary for its creation and Source capture.

Recommended prior knowledge:

Hydrogeology.

Content of the material:

Chapter 1: Types of aquifers Chapter 2: Darcy's Law Chapter 3: The captive and free defusibility equations **Chapter 4: Well hydraulics** 4.1 Well completely crossing a free water table 4.2 Wells passing entirely through a loaded water table Chapter 5: Execution of exploitation drilling 5.1 Definition 5.2 Classification of different types of drilling rigs Chapter 6: Tibular equipment 6.1 Purpose of casing 6.2 Casing program 6.3 Choice of strainer **Chapter 7: Drilling mud** 7.1 Roles of mud 7.2 Composition of the sludge **Chapter 8: Cementation in borings** 8.1 Purpose of borehole cementing 8.2 Classification of cement **Chapter 9: Development**

Evaluation mode:

Continuous monitoring: 40%; Exam: 60%

Bibliographic references:

Albert Mabillot: Water drilling, Ed. Eyrolles, Paris 2005

Mustapha Abdelhakim:Construction of water wells, European university edition,Paris, 2018.

Semester: 2 Teaching unit: UEF 1.2. UEF subject 1.2.3: Water catchment structures VHS: 67h30 (class: 3h00, tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 6 Coefficient: 3

Teaching objectives:

This course aims to teach master's students the techniques for mobilizing and capturing groundwater and surface water.

Recommended prior knowledge:

The contents of hydrology, hydrogeology and drawing must be acquired beforehand.

Content of the material:

Chapter 1. Introduction

Chapter 2. Hydrogeology reminder (land, water tables and sources)

Chapter 3. Preliminary work for water collection

Choice of location Location and environment Presentation of plans Water protection

Chapter 4. Groundwater Catchment Design

Source capture Capture in aquifers

Chapter5. Design of surface water catchment River water capture Lake and dam water capture

Chapter6. Protection of catchments

Evaluation mode:

Continuous monitoring: 40%; exam: 60%.

Bibliographic references:

A. DUPONT.Urban hydraulics (Volume 1), Eyrolles. Brière, François G. Distribution and collection of water, Presses Internationales Polytechnique, second edition, 2000

Mr. BOUYARD. Mobile dams and diversion works, , Edt. Eyrolles, Paris 1981

Semester: 2 Teaching unit: UEM 1.2. UEM 1.2.1 subject: Modeling of AEP systems VHS: 45h00 (class: 1h30, practical work: 1h30) Credits: 3 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

This subject will aim to enable the student to master the software for modeling drinking water supply and sanitation networks as well as carrying out a measurement campaign for the calibration and validation of the modeling results. hydraulic networks.

Recommended prior knowledge:

The student must have knowledge in fundamental subjects, namely mathematics, drinking water supply, sanitation and IT.

Content of the material:

Chapter I: Modeling: concepts, approaches

Objectives of modeling hydraulic networks

Definition of a hydraulic model

Chapter II: Types of models

The main stages of modeling

Presentation of the modeling software used

Construction of the physical model of the network

The measurement campaign and model calibration

Chapter III: Coupling between a GIS and different hydraulic models

Evaluation mode:

Continuous monitoring: 40%; Exam: 60%

Bibliographic references:

Books and handouts, websites, etc.

https://www.epa.gov/water-research/epanet

https://hmf.enseeiht.fr/travaux/beiepe/book/export/html/1002

Semester: 2 Teaching unit: UEM 1.2. UEM 1.2.2 material:DIAGNOSIS AND REHABILITATION OF AEP SYSTEMS VHS:45h30 (class: 1h30, tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 3 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

This course aims to teach master's students the methodology to follow to carry out a diagnosis of an AEP system and to assess its performance in order to propose rehabilitation work.

Recommended prior knowledge:

The contents of applied hydraulics as well as cartography and GIS must first be acquired.

Content of the material:

Chapter I. Introduction

Definition, objectives and methodology Entry of plans and data from the existing system Description of the existing system Data collection System check Development of the GIS

Chapter II: Diagnosis of production and storage works

Physical diagnosis of distribution network components Functional network diagnosis Network sectorization Survey and measurements among subscribers Measurements on the distribution network Checking for leaks Distribution network modeling

Chapter III: Rehabilitation techniques

Chapter IV: Master plan for the rehabilitation and rebalancing of the AEP system

Socio-economic surveys Matching needs – resources Formulation of the water transfer master plan (production-conduction) Formulation of the distribution network master plan

Evaluation mode:

Continuous monitoring: 40%; exam: 60%.

Bibliographic references:

A.DUPONT. Urban hydraulics (Volumes 2 and 3), Eyrolles, 1978.

FG Briere. Water distribution and collection, Presses Internationales Polytechnique, second edition, 2000.

F.VALIRON. Water management, press of the national school of bridges and roads, first edition, 1989

J.BONVIN. Urban hydraulics 1, Hes.so, 2005 Supplier catalogs (Pont a Mousson, Chiali, Bayard, Ramus, etc.) Writing guides Semester: 2 Teaching unit: UEM 1.2 UEM 1.2.3 material:Mini tutored project VHS: 45h00 (TP: 3h00) Credits: 3 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

The mini-tutored project is used to best support the student. The virtues of tutoring are such that the student develops critical thinking and curiosity..

Recommended prior knowledge

Basic notions of hydraulics, topography, IT, applied hydraulics

Content of the material:

A mini project (two per semester) / Internship (15 days) will be chosen during each semester by the student.

The mini project will affect the following areas:

- AEP
- Sanitation
- Site organization
- GIS
- Sizing a wastewater treatment plant
- Environmental impact study
- Preparation of estimated, quantitative and estimated quotes
- Preparation of price schedules
- Development of hydraulic specifications
- A theme proposed by the teacher

The internship will be carried out at the level of establishments agreed with the university and will be sanctioned by a report noted and discussed with the tutor teacher

Evaluation method:

Review: 100%

Semester: 2 Teaching unit: UED 1.2. UED 1.2.1 subject:Metrology and diagnostic means in AEP VHS:45h30 (class: 1h30, tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 2 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

Define the need for diagnostic action before the rehabilitation of drinking water network infrastructure

Recommended prior knowledge:

AEP courses

Content of the material:

Chapter 1: General information on metrology

Definition of the different types of metrology (Scientific, so-called laboratory, legal, Industrial); Metrology applied to AEP networks

Chapter 2: Metrology of drinking water networks

Pressure measurements; Flow velocity measurement; Flow measurements; Comparisons between calculation results and measurements.

Chapter 3: Diagnosis of AEP networks

Knowledge of heritage and operations.

Updating plans; Collection of data ; Network detection: Plan support; Updating the heritage inventory; Analysis of operation; "Needs/resources" assessment

Sectorization

Definition and characterization of sectors; Flow, level and pressure measurement points **Measurement campaigns**

Prioritization of sectors

Chapter 4: Detailed description of the entire network

The overall plan; The water resource mobilized; Network inventory; Location of special equipment.

Chapter 5: Analysis of the operation of the AEP network

Hydraulic and electromechanical assessment of the pumping groups; Hydraulic balance of the network

Specific hydraulic study; Quantification and sectorization of leaks

Chapter 6: Actively search for leaks Pre-localization.

Shut-off valves; Islandage; Quantification by direct feeding; Acoustic pre-localization; Direct mechanical listening.

Location

Direct and ground amplified electronic listening; Geo-radar; Mobile hydrophone.

Evaluation mode:

Final exam: 100%.

Bibliographic references:

OIML V 2-200:2012, International Metrology Vocabulary – Fundamental and General Concepts and Associated Terms (VIM)

ISO 6817:1992, Measurement of flow rate of a conductive fluid in closed pipes — Method using electromagnetic flow meters

HUNAIDI O. (2000).Leak detection in distribution pipes. Ph.D. National Research Council of Canada ISSN 1206. Canada.

EISENBEIS P. (2004).Statistical modeling of failure prediction on drinking water pipes. Doctoral thesis from Louis Pasteur University. France.

DOUMBOUYA L. (2003).Modeling of the Lausanne drinking water supply network. Lausanne city water service diagnosis and optimization, Network Techniques section, Switzerland.

HAUTE-SAVOIE ; **DEPARTMENT MANAGEMENT**ASSISTANCE; presentation of the Studies-Diagnostics division; Study diag. AEP (1986).

WATER AGENCIES. (2004).Diagnosis of drinking water supply systems. Ministry of Ecology and Sustainable Development, France.

Semester: 2 Teaching unit: UET 1.2 Subject UET 1.2.1: Respect forstandards and rules of ethics and integrity. VHS: 10:30 p.m. (Class: 1h30) Credits: 1 Coefficient: 1

Teaching objectives:

Develop students' awareness of respect for ethical principles and the rules that govern life at university and in the world of work. Raise awareness about respecting and valuing intellectual property. Explain to them the risks of moral evils such as corruption and how to combat them, alert them to the ethical issues raised by new technologies and sustainable development.

Recommended prior knowledge:

Ethics and professional conduct (the foundations)

Content of the material:

A. The respect of the rulesethics and integrity,

 Reminder on the MESRS Charter of Ethics and Professional Conduct: Integrity and honesty. Academic freedom. Mutual respect. Requirement for scientific truth, objectivity and critical thinking. Equity.Rights andobligationsof the student, the teacher, administrative and technical staff,

2. Integrity and responsible research

- Respect for ethical principles in teaching and research
- Responsibilities in teamwork: Professional equality of treatment. Conduct against discrimination. The search for the general interest. Inappropriate conduct in the context of collective work
- Adopt responsible conduct and combat abuses: Adopt responsible conduct in research. Scientific fraud. Conduct against fraud. Plagiarism (definition of plagiarism, different forms of plagiarism, procedures to avoid unintentional plagiarism, detection of plagiarism, sanctions against plagiarists, etc.). Falsification and fabrication of data.

3. Ethics and professional conduct in the world of work:

Legal confidentiality in business. Loyalty to the company. Responsibility within the company, Conflicts of interest. Integrity (corruption in the workplace, its forms, its consequences, methods of combating and sanctions against corruption)

B- Intellectual property

I- Fundamentals of intellectual property

1- Industrial property. Literary and artistic property.

2- Rules for citing references (books, scientific articles, conference communications, theses, dissertations, etc.)

II- Copyright

1. Copyright in the digital environment

Introduction. Copyrightdatabases, software copyright. Specific case of free software.

2. Copyright in the Internet and e-commerce

Domain name law. Intellectual property on the internet. E-commerce site law. Intellectual property and social networks.

3. Patent

Definition. Rightsin a patent. Usefulness of a patent. Therepatentability. Patent applicationin Algeria and around the world.

III- Protection and valorization of intellectual property

How to protect intellectual property. Violation of rights and legal tool. Vvaluation of intellectual property. Protection of intellectual propertyin Algeria.

C. Ethics, sustainable development and new technologies

Link between ethics and sustainable development, energy saving, bioethics and new technologies (artificial intelligence, scientific progress, Humanoids, Robots, drones,

Evaluation mode:

Final exam: 100%.

III-Detailed program by subject semesterS3

Semester: 3 Teaching unit: UEF 1.3. Subject UEF 1.3.1: Design and calculation of sanitation systems VHS: 67h30 (Class: 3h00, tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 6 Coefficient: 3

Teaching objectives:

This course aims to teach master's students the techniques for designing wastewater collection and evacuation systems.

Recommended prior knowledge:

The content of the applied hydraulics must be acquired beforehand.

Content of the material:

Chapter I: General information on sanitation networks

Prior knowledge for the design of sanitation systems

Chapter II: Estimation of flow rates to be evacuated

Estimation of wastewater flow rates Estimation of rainwater flows

Chapter III: Calculation of a sanitation network

Unitary network Separative network (domestic wastewater, rainwater)

Chapter III: Elements of a sanitation system

Definition and choice of sanitation systems Design of the elements of a collection network Connection boxes (types and location) Collection network (route, longitudinal profiles and street location) Regards (visit, connection, change of direction, etc.) Manhole cover (types and location) Lifting station (design and calculation) Pumps - overflow - storage tank Storm overflows (design and calculation) Retention basin (design and calculation) Crossing works (design and calculation) Constituent elements of a sewer network The main structures Pipes (Type of pipes, Choice of pipe type, Joints)

Observation

The supervised work will be carried out in the form of a mini-project which consists of sizing a collection network.

Evaluation mode:

40% Continuous assessment and 60% Examination

Bibliographic references:

FG Briere. Water distribution and collection, Presses Internationales Polytechnique, second edition, 2000.

F.VALIRON. Water management, press of the national school of bridges and roads, first edition, 1989

R.BOURRIER. Sanitation networks, Edt. Lavoisier, Paris, 2008

Semester: 3 Teaching unit: UEF 1.3. UEF 1.3.2 material:Purification and reuse of waste water VHS: 67h30 (Class: 3h00, tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 6 Coefficient: 3

Teaching objectives:

In this subject, the student will learn the techniques for purifying liquid effluents, the operating modes of biological reactors and the basics of sizing waste water purification works, as well as the techniques for reusing purified waste water in agriculture. The advantages and constraints linked to this practice are also controlled.

Recommended prior knowledge:

The fundamental notions of general hydraulics and the basics of chemistry

Content of the material:

Part I: Biological treatments of urban wastewater

Chapter I: Pollution of water resources

- I.1. Sources of wastewater pollution
- I.2. Classification of main pollutants
- I.3. Pollution indicators in biological purification
- I.4. Analysis of the parameters of the effluent to be treated
- I.5. The main pre-treatment stages

Chapter II: Biological processes for treating wastewater by lagooning

- II.2. The different types of lagooning
- II.3. Operating principle of the natural lagoon
- II.4. The advantages and disadvantages of the lagoon process
- II.5.Sizing of lagoons

Chapter III: Biological purification of urban wastewater using activated sludge

- III.1 Brief history of biological treatment with activated sludge
- III.2. Reminder of the principles of biological purification using activated sludge
- III.3. Sizing
- III.4. Characteristic quantities of activated sludge treatment
- III.5. Advantages and disadvantages of activated sludge purification
- III.6. General information on sludge

Chapter VI: Biological purification with fixed biomass (bacterial bed)

- IV. 10perating principles
- IV.2. Bacterial bed design
- IV.3. Bacterial bed operating parameters
- IV.4. The advantages and disadvantages of the bacterial bed

Chapter V: The secondary decanter or clarifier

- V.1.The sludge recirculation system
- V.2. Sludge settling mechanisms

Part II: Reuse of wastewater

Chapter I: Wastewater quality

Chapter II: Wastewater treatment plants and potential for reuse of wastewater

Chapter III: The importance of irrigation for sustainable development

- III.1. Regulatory aspect of the reuse of wastewater in Irrigation
- III.2. The legislative framework of the EUER in Algeria
- III.3. Chemical and microbiological constraints

Observation

In Td, the work will be carried out in the form of a mini-project which consists of sizing a wastewater treatment plant.

Evaluation method:

40% Continuous assessment and 60% Examination

Bibliographic references:

Gaid A, (1984), "Biological purification of urban wastewater volume I", OPU edition, Alger.

Thomas O, (1955),Wastewater meteorology, Tec et Doc, Ed Lavoisier, Cedeboc, 135-192 p.

Richarde C, (1996), water; bacteria; men and animals; Elsevier Publishing; Paris, P138.

Regsek F, (2002),water analysis, regulatory and technical aspects, Edition scrérén CRDPA quitaine, Bordeaux.

Degremont2005Memonto Water Technique 2nd edition volume 1 Lavoisier edition

Lagardette J 2004-2005 drinking water and sanitation Johanat edition

G. Abdelkader 1984Tom1 "biological purification of wastewater".

Baumont S, Camard JP, Lefranc A, Franconi A, (2004), Reuse of wastewater: health risks and feasibility in Île-de-France. ORS Report, pp 220.

Faiza Mekhalif"Reuse of purified industrial wastewater as makeup water in a cooling circuit 2009".

Vaillant JR, (1974)Improvements and new developments for the purification of waste water: urban waste water and industrial waste water, Edition, Eyrolles, Paris,

Rodier J, (2005) The analysis of natural water, waste water, sea water, 8th Edition DUNOD technique, Paris, pp 1008-1043.

Bekkouche M, Zidane F, (2004), Design of a wastewater treatment plant for the city of Ouargla by lagooning. Same. Eng. Saharan hydraulics. Univ. From Ouargla.67p.

Banzaoui NEt Elbouz F, (2009),Wastewater purification using activated sludge processes in the municipality of Touggourt. Mem.Eng. chemistry.Univ. From Annaba.

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Metahri Mohammed Saïd, (2012), Simultaneous elimination of nitrogen and phosphate pollution from wastewater treated by mixed processes. Case of the East STEP of the city of Tizi-Ouzo.

Semester: 3 Teaching unit: UEF 1.3. Subject UEF 1.3.3: Organization and mechanization of work VHS: 67h0 (Class: 3h00, Tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 6 Coefficient: 3

Teaching objectives

The objectives assigned by this subject relate to the introduction of students to the various actions necessary for the organization and mechanization of work on hydraulic sites.

Recommended prior knowledge

Applied hydraulics, sanitation, hydraulic works.

Content of the subject

Chapter 1 :Common vocabulary

Construction site - Project manager and project owner, definitions and different - Contracts and legal aspect - Quotation - Specifications

Chapter 2: Site installation

Preparatory work - Clearing of rights-of-way - Sanitation, hydraulic protection and networks - Signs - Supports - Pickets and installations - Estimated work schedule - Execution phasing - Site installations

Chapter 3: Earthworks

General earthworks - Mass earthworks - Earthworks in excavations Earthworks in channels - Earthworks in trenches - Protection and shielding - Reduction of water tables and drainage

Chapter 4: Laying pipes

Criteria for choosing pipes depending on the nature of the terrain - Earthworks for pipes -Backfilling for pipes - Handling of pipes - Laying and assembly techniques - Leak-tightness tests and acceptance of works - Quality control

Chapter 5: Hydraulic concretes

General indications - Consistency of concrete - Dosages and compositions - Strength of concrete

Choice of composition materials - Manufacture of concrete - Transport, handling and workability - Admixtures - Tests and controls

Evaluation mode:

40% continuous assessment and 60% exam.

Bibliographic references:

Jacques Armand, Yves Raffestin, Daniel Couffignal: Preparation and organization of the site, planning and monitoring of the work, Edition Le Moniteur, 2001 Ralph W. Fairbanks: Organization and mechanization of administrative work. Les Éditions

Ralph W. Fairbanks: Organization and mechanization of administrative work, Les Éditions D'Organization

Semester: 3 Teaching unit: UEM 1.3.

UEM 1.3.1 material:Diagnosis and rehabilitation of collection systems VHS: 45h00 (Class: 1h30, Tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 3 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

This course aims to teach master's students the methodology to follow to carry out a diagnosis of a sanitation system and to assess its performance in order to propose rehabilitation work.

Recommended prior knowledge:

The contents of applied hydraulics as well as cartography and GIS must first be acquired.

Content of the material:

Chapter I: General

Purpose of the study - Scope of the study - Description of the collective sanitation system Documents and data provided to the service provider – Methodology

Chapter II: Study of the current situation of a collection system

PHASE 1: Inventory of available data and pre-diagnosis of the sanitation system Data collection and analysis Summary and proposals for investigation for the continuation of the study

PHASE 2: Campaigns to measure flow rates and pollutant loads

Content of measurement campaigns Presentation of the results

PHASE 3: Precise location of network anomalies and malfunctions Visual and television inspections (ITV) Locating bad connections - dye tests and smoke tests

PHASE 4: Assessment of the operation of the sanitation system – diagnosis

Chapter II: Rehabilitation of collection systems

Development of the collective wastewater sanitation master plan

Collection networks and wastewater treatment plant Self-monitoring and permanent diagnosis Asset management The sanitation regulations Course of the study Study management Reports Meetings Health and Safety

Evaluation method:

40% continuous assessment and 60% exam.

Bibliographic references:

FG Brière.Water distribution and collection, Presses Internationales Polytechnique, second edition, 2000.

R.BOURRIER. Sanitation networks, Edt. Lavoisier, Paris, 2008

Web sites...

Semester: 3 Teaching unit: UEM 1.3. UEM 1.3.2 material:Modeling of sanitation systems VHS: 45h00 (Class: 1h30, TP: 1h30) Credits: 3 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

This course aims to raise awareness among future executives of the problem of dynamic management of sanitation networks through a concrete and practical approach. A calculation code specific to sanitation networks (SWMM) is introduced for this purpose. Students must devote a few hours of independent work to achieve the educational objectives set. The evaluation of the projects submitted takes into account the spirit of initiative, critical thinking and the efforts made to achieve effective and economical solutions.

Prior knowledge recommended:

The contents of applied hydraulics as well as cartography and GIS must first be acquired.

Content of the material:

Chapter I: Modeling of sanitation networks

Definition and objectives Description of the relief space and urban planning aspects Topological organization Representation of the various typologies Taking data from the archive Elements of theory

Chapter II: Modeling software (SWMM software)

Screen overview Toolbar overview Saving default settings Create the network backbone Create the hyetogram curve Perform the simulation View and analyze the results obtained Calibration and validation

Evaluation method:

40% continuous assessment and 60% exam.

Bibliographic references:

FG Brière.Water distribution and collection, Presses Internationales Polytechnique, second edition, 2000.

R.BOURRIER. Sanitation networks, Edt. Lavoisier, Paris, 2008

ROCK A., EPA SWMM5 Software User Manual Tutorial...

Semester: 3 Teaching unit: UEM 1.3 UEM 1.3.3 material:Mini tutored project VHS: 45h00 (TP: 3h00) Credits: 3 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

The mini-tutored project is used to best support the student. The virtues of tutoring are such that the student develops critical thinking and curiosity..

Recommended prior knowledge

Basic notions of hydraulics, topography, IT, applied hydraulics

Content of the material:

A mini project (two per semester) / Internship (15 days) will be chosen during each semester by the student.

The mini project will affect the following areas:

- AEP
- Sanitation
- Site organization
- GIS
- Sizing a wastewater treatment plant
- Environmental impact study
- Preparation of estimated, quantitative and estimated quotes
- Preparation of price schedules
- Development of hydraulic specifications
- A theme proposed by the teacher

The internship will be carried out at the level of establishments agreed with the university and will be sanctioned by a report noted and discussed with the tutor teacher

Places :

ADE WE HAVE ABH Hydraulic steering State and private design offices

Evaluation method:

Review: 100%

Semester: 3 Teaching unit: UED 1.3. Subject UED 1.3.1:Metrology and means of inspection in sanitation VHS: 45h00 (Class: 1h30, tutorial: 1h30) Credits: 2 Coefficient: 2

Teaching objectives:

This course aims to raise awareness among future executives of the importance of measurements in the management and diagnosis of sanitation systems. Also introduce them to the equipment used for physical measurements, taking samples and inspecting collectors.

Prior knowledge recommended:

The content of the applied hydraulics must be acquired beforehand.

Content of the material:

Chapter I:General

Measurement campaign-preamble-description / location of measurement points-the duration of the campaigns and the content of the campaigns.

Chapter II: Means implemented

Human resources- the means of physical measurements - The means for taking samples - The means for inspecting the collectors (cameras, coring, georadar, etc.) - the hydrocleaners.

Chapter III: Investigation procedures

Methods for implementing measures - intervention reports - technical procedures - exploitation of measurement results - Summaries and recommendations

Evaluation method:

40% continuous assessment and 60% exam.

Bibliographic references:

Catalogs from the diagnostic equipment supplier (HYDREKA)

Semester: 3 Teaching unit: UET 1.3. UET 1.3.1 material:Documentary research and dissertation design VHS: 10:30 p.m. (Class: 1h30) Credits: 2 Coefficient: 1

Teaching objectives:

Give the student the necessary tools to search for useful information to better use it in their end-of-study project. Help them go through the different stages leading to the writing of a scientific document. Show him the importance of communication and teach him to present the work carried out in a rigorous and educational manner.

Recommended prior knowledge:

Writing methodology, Presentation methodology.

Content of the subject:

Chapter I-: Documentary research

Fundamentals of scientific research Stages of scientific research Documentary research tools on the web Scientific research techniques and operators Presentation of the bibliography

Chapter II: Design of the dissertation

Plan and stages of the dissertation Writing techniques and standards Workshop: Critical study of a manuscript Oral presentations and defenses How to avoid plagiarism?

Evaluation method:

Review: 100%

Bibliographic references:

Kothari, CR (2004).Research Methodology: Research and techniques, New Delhi: New Age International Publishers.

Kumar, R. (2011).Research Methodology: A step-by-step guide for beginners (3rd edition). London, UK: TJ International Ltd, Padstow, Cornwall

Wallinman, N. (2006).Your Research Project: A step-by-step guide for the first-time researcher. London: Sage Publications.

VI - Opinions and Visas from Administrative and Consultative Bodies